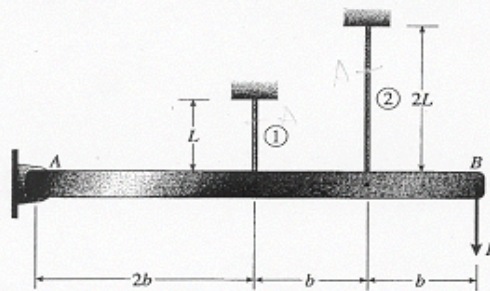
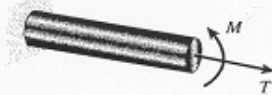


元智大學機械工程研究所 博士班資格考試  
計算固力－材料力學

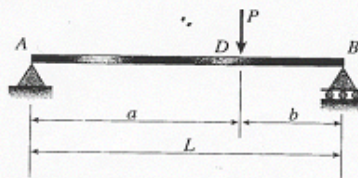
1. The structure consists of a horizontal rigid bar AB supported by two steel wires, one of length  $L$  and the other of length  $2L$ . Both wires have cross-sectional area  $A$  and are made of elastoplastic material with yield stress  $\sigma_y$  and modulus of elasticity  $E$ . A vertical load  $P$  acts at end B of the bar.
- Determine the yield load  $P_y$  and the corresponding displacement  $\delta_y$  of point B. (8%)
  - Determine the plastic load  $P_p$  and the corresponding displacement  $\delta_p$  of point B. (8%)
  - Draw a load-displacement diagram with the load  $P$  as ordinate and the displacement  $\delta_B$  of point B as abscissa. (4%)



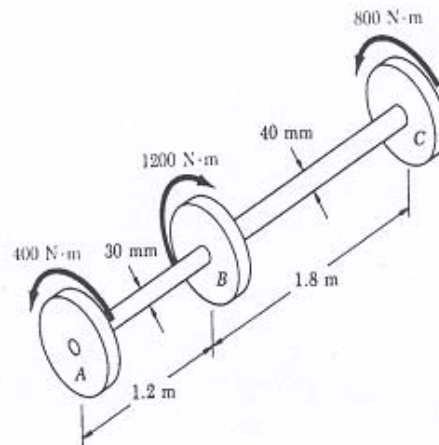
2. A built in steel bar of solid circular cross section is subjected to an axial tensile force  $T=26$  kN and a bending moment  $M=2.7$  kN-m (see figure). Based upon an allowable stress in tension of 125 MPa, determine the required diameter  $d$  of the bar. (Disregard the weight of the bar itself.) (20%)



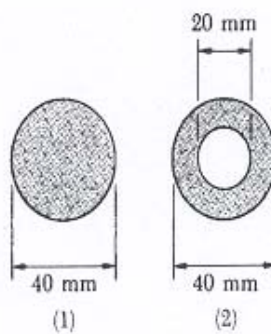
3. A simple supported beam AB has length  $L$  and constant flexural rigidity  $EI$ , loaded by a concentrated load  $P$  acting at the position as shown in the figure. Determine the angle of rotation  $\theta_A$  at the supports and the deflection  $\delta_D$  under the load  $P$ . (20%)



- 4 The torques shown are exerted on pulleys A, B, and C. Knowing that both shafts are solid, Determine:
- The maximum shear stresses in shaft AB and in shaft BC. (10%)
  - The angles of twist between A and C. (10%)



- 5 For the buckling of a compression member of 2 m effective length consists of a solid 40 mm diameter brass rod. To reduce the weight of the member by 25%, the solid rod is replaced by a hollow rod of the cross section shown. Determine
- The percent reduction in the critical load. (10%)
  - The value of the critical load for the hollow rod. Use  $E=105$  GPa. (10%)



Vibration :

1. A block slides on a horizontal frictionless surface as shown in Fig. 1. Assume that the cords remain in tension. Determine the natural frequency of the system. (25%)

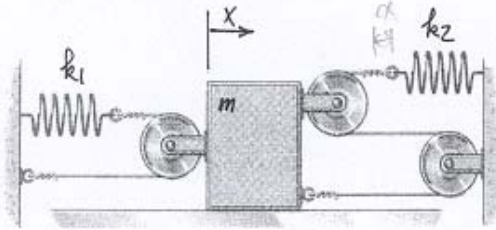


Fig. 1

2. Consider an ergodic random vibration with zero power spectral density at  $\omega = 0$ . Show that the autocorrelation function  $R_f(\tau)$  must satisfy

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R_f(\tau) d\tau = 0. \quad (25\%)$$